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The research studies the informal sector and its effects on Sudanese economy and examines its contribution in the gross domestic product and employment, A case study at locality of Karari 2009, the problem being discussed is that although the contribution of the informal sector in the Sudan economy by contributing in output and employment, but there was no data and statistics of the informal sector in Sudan and is not included in the GDP account as a separate sector. The research adopts descriptive and analytical method, with the usage of program of statistical package for social sciences (SPSS) to test the hypotheses, the research depends on primary sources which includes a questionnaire, in addition to interviews with some of the staff in locality of Karari, also the research depends on primary sources which include references, working papers, these and precedents. To achieve the research objectives the following hypotheses were tested: First the informal sector has a positive effect on the GDP. Second there is statistical relationship between the capital used and economic activities, and the value added. Third the economic and social factors play important role in directing labour force towards the informal sector.

Note: Thesis, submitted to obtain a master’s degree in economics. Sudan University of Science & Technology, College of Graduate Studies. Prepared by Hagir Elzubeir Abdelmageed Supervisor Dr. Khalid Hassan Elbeely